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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/820,857 04/09/2004		Soji Koide	119424	8685	
25944	7590 09/28/2006		EXAMINER		
OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC			TUPPER, ROBERT S		
P.O. BOX 199 ALEXANDR	928 IA, VA 22320		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2627		
			DATE MAILED: 09/28/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summer		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/820,8	57	KOIDE ET AL.			
Office Action Summary			r	Art Unit			
		Robert S		2627			
The Period for Rep	MAILING DATE of this communicately	tion appears on th	e cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ac	idress		
WHICHEVE - Extensions of after SIX (6) I - If NO period I - Failure to rep Any reply rec	NED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR ER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL time may be available under the provisions of 37 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communics or reply is specified above, the maximum statutor by within the set or extended period for reply will, leived by the Office later than three months after the term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ING DATE OF TO 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no exation. Ty period will apply and we by statute, cause the apply statute.	HIS COMMUNICATION  vent, however, may a reply be tin  vill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from  polication to become ARANDONE	N. hely filed the mailing date of this c D. (35 U.S.C. & 133)			
Status		•					
2a) ☐ This a	this application is in condition for	$\boxtimes$ This action is range.	- non-final. t for formal matters, pro		e merits is		
close	d in accordance with the practice ι	under <i>Ex parte Qi</i>	uayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of	Claims						
4a) O 5) ☐ Claim 6) ☑ Claim 7) ☑ Claim 8) ☐ Claim Application Pa 9) ☐ The splication Pa Application Pa	f the above claim(s) <u>5</u> is/are withdrest above claim(s) <u>5</u> is/are withdrest allowed.  In(s) is/are allowed.  In(s) <u>1,6-8 and 10-12</u> is/are rejected to solve are subjected to.  In(s) <u>2-4 and 9</u> is/are objected to.  In(s) are subject to restriction are subject to restriction are subject to by the Extra and the subject of the subject o	rawn from consider  I.  I.  I.  I.  I.  I.  I.  I.  I.  I	requirement.  Doublected to by the list held in abeyance. See red if the drawing(s) is objected if the drawing(s) is objected.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 Cl			
Priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
2) $\square$ Notice of Dra 3) $\boxtimes$ Information [	ferences Cited (PTO-892) Infrage of the first of the firs	948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite			

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1. Applicant's election with traverse of the species of figure 3, stating claims 1-4 and

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6-12 to read thereon, in the reply filed on 8/30/06 is acknowledged. The traversal is on

the ground(s) that the search would encompass the non-elected species. This is not

found persuasive because it is in error. The non-elected species presents additional

issues that need not be considered in the search of the elected species.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

2. Claim 5 is withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as

being drawn to a nonelected species, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.

Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the reply filed on

8/30/06.

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that

form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United

States.

4. Claims 1, 6-8, 10, and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly

anticipated by KASIRAJ et al (6,493,183).

Note especially figure 4. KASIRAJ et al shows a thin film magnetic head for use

in a disk drive, the head having a sheet-shaped heater with a heater part (20) and leads

(23) connected in series with the heater part, where the leads have a lower resistance than the heater part (see column 5 lines 3-6).

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Furthermore, with regard to the manufacturing process limitations set forth in claim 6, it is noted that a "product by process" claim is directed to the product per se, no matter how actually made; see In re Hirao, 190 USPQ 15 at 17 (footnote 3, CCPA 1976); In re Brown, 173 USPQ 685 (CCPA 1972); In re Luck, 177 USPQ 523 (CCPA 1973); In re Fessmann, 180 USPQ 324 (CCPA 1974); In re Thorpe, 227 USPQ 964 (CAFC 1985). The patentability of the Final product in a "product by process" claim must be determined by the product itself and not the actual process and an old or obvious product produced by a new method is not patentable as a product, whether claimed in "product by process" claims or not. Accordingly, the weight given to the "product by process" limitation is the structure "gleaned" from the process.

Note, concerning claim 7, the heater element inherently expands when energized.

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1, 6-8, and 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over MEYER et al (5,991,113).

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Note especially figures 14 and 15. MEYER et al shows a disk drive having a slider (116) mounting a head (122) and a sheet-shaped heater (130). When the heater is energized it causes the heater to expand which cause the head to project towards the disk.

MEYER et al differs from the subject claims in not showing leads for the heater.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide leads for the heater as recited in these claims. The motivation is as follows: the heater is electric and thus requires leads. Furthermore, to insure that the heater expand, the leads would inherently have less resistance than the heater.

Furthermore, with regard to the manufacturing process limitations set forth in claim 6, it is noted that a "product by process" claim is directed to the product per se, no matter how actually made; see *In re Hirao*, 190 USPQ 15 at 17 (footnote 3, CCPA 1976); *In re Brown*, 173 USPQ 685 (CCPA 1972); *In re Luck*, 177 USPQ 523 (CCPA 1973); *In re Fessmann*, 180 USPQ 324 (CCPA 1974); *In re Thorpe*, 227 USPQ 964 (CAFC 1985). The patentability of the Final product in a "product by process" claim must be determined by the product itself and not the actual process and an old or obvious product produced by a new method is not patentable as a product, whether claimed in "product by process" claims or not. Accordingly, the weight given to the "product by process" limitation is the structure "gleaned" from the process.

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7. Claims 2-4 and 9 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

LILLE (6,956,716) is a further showing of a thin film magnetic head used in a disk drive where the head includes a sheet-shaped heater.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert S. Tupper whose telephone number is 571-272-7581. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon - Fri, 6:30 AM - 4:00 PM (first Fri off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hoa Nguyen can be reached on 571-272-7579. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Robert S Tupper / Primary Examiner Art Unit 2627

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